Year/s: 1/2

KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER - How has London changed over time?

Curriculum Drivers: Discovery, Awesome Memories, Success

Main driver subject: History

Cross-curricular links: DT

Key content/facts

London is the capital city of England and the UK.

Its has lots of landmarks, tall buildings and parks.

People uses buses and the underground to travel. In 1666, London had narrow streets.

Houses were made of wood.

Houses were lit and heated using candles and fires.

The Great Fire started in a bakery on Pudding Lane.

Houses were made of wood and built close together.

The fire lasted for four days.

People used leather buckets, water squirts, and pulled houses down to stop the fire.

Samuel Pepys wrote about the fire in his diary.

Queen Victoria was the Queen of Britain from 1837 to 1901.

Her time as Queen is called the Victorian era.

Victorian London was busy, smoky, and crowded.

Rich families lived in large houses.

Poor families lived together in smaller houses.

People worked as factory workers, chimney sweeps, maids, and shopkeepers.

Many jobs were hard and dangerous.

Children often had to work too.

Rich children went to school.

Poor children had to work.

Orphans were sent to the workhouse.

In the past, people travelled by horse, on foot, or in carriages.

In London now, people travel by underground, buses, cars and bikes. London has changed.

Homes are not made with wood.

Children all go to school.

People travel in lots of ways.







Sunday 2nd September 1666

The fire starts at 1a.m.

Monday 3rd September

The fire gets very close to the Tower of London.

Tuesday 4th September

The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.

Wednesday 5th September

St Pauls Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.

Thursday 6th September

The fire is finally put out. Thousands of people are left homeless by the fire.

Key Vocabulary







































