Year/s: 3/4 Block: 5 KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER - COAST TO COAST

Curriculum Drivers: Awesome Memories,

Discovery, Happiness

GARP/GASP: How has tourism in Scarborough increased diversity in the town?

Subject: Geography

Cross-curricular links: English - Song of The Dolphin Boy

# Learning Journey Lesson 1

LO: To understand what a coast is and how it is used Lesson 2

LO: To identify the features of a coastline and how they are formed Lesson 3

LO: To understand the impact of erosion on a coastline over time

## Lesson 4

LO: To understand different coastal management strategies and their impact

## Lesson 5

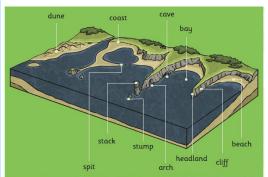
LO: To know how changes in land use will affect people and the environment

## Lesson 6

LO: To understand the human and physical geographical similarities and differences of two

# Core Knowledge and Key Visuals

A coast is where the land meets the sea.







Miami Beach, Florida, USA

Scarborough, Holderness Coast, Yorkshire

# Present day Coastline Paul Paul

Erosion is when land is worn away by water.
Overtime coastlines change due to this process.
This maps shows whole towns that have been lost due to erosion of the land.

## Disciplinary Concepts

- Fieldwork
- Geographical Skills

## Substantive Concepts

- Human and Physical Geography
- Locational Knowledge

### Vocabulary A coast is A coastline is Erosion is when where the the land along a land is worn land meets sea. away by water. the sea Land use is Settlements Tourism is when people travel are where used to from where describe the people live. they live to human use of another place land. for a break. Human **Physical** The economy is features are features are the way people things that natural and spend money and have been have not been the way people built by made by make money. humans. humans

## Features of a coast line



These are some examples of coastal management strategies. These are used to protect the coast from erosion.